

129,000 Pound Evaluation of US-12 M.P. 10.13 to M.P 174.41

(Case #201627US12)

Executive Summary

Doug Andrus Distributing submitted a request for 129,000 pound trucking approval on US-12 between milepost (MP) 10.13 (US12/95 junction) and MP 174.41 (Montana border) for transportation of road salt, grain, fertilizer and lumber. Of note, the original request was from MP 2.831 to MP 174.41; however, MP 2.831 to MP 10.13 was previously approved. This request projects up to 171 trips annually which is a 15-25% reduction from current operations. The section of US-12 MP 10.13 to MP 14.87 is designated as a "Red Route" and as such all trucks must adhere to the 6.5-foot off-track and 115 foot overall vehicle length criteria. Milepost 14.87 to MP 174.41 is designated as a "Blue Route" where trucks must adhere to the 5.5-foot off-track and 95 foot overall vehicle length criteria. ITD Bridge Section confirms the 32 bridges on the route will safely support 129,000 pound vehicles. The Department's Materials Section evaluation shows that increased vehicle weight with a corresponding increased number of axles will reduce loads per axle compared to 80,000 or 105,500 pound vehicles and thereby produce lower loads on the road surface and subsurface resulting in equal or lesser damage. The Office of Highway Safety analysis shows this section of US-12 has no Non-Interstate High Accident Intersection Locations (HAL) and has 11 HAL Clusters with details provided below. Department of Motor Vehicles, Materials Section, Highway Safety and Bridge Asset Management all recommend proceeding with this request.

Detailed Analysis

Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) Review

All Idaho Transportation Department routes are currently categorized by their ability to handle various extra-length vehicle combinations and their off-tracking allowances. The categories used when considering allowing vehicle combinations to carry increased axle weights above 105,500 pounds and up to 129,000 pounds are:

- Blue routes at 95 foot overall vehicle length and a 5.50-foot off-track
- Red routes at 115 foot overall vehicle length and a 6.50-foot off-track.

Off-tracking is the turning radius of the vehicle combination, which assists in keeping them safely in their lane of travel. Off-tracking occurs because the rear wheels of trailer trucks do not pivot, and therefore will not follow the same path as the front wheels. The greater the distance between the front wheels and the rear wheels of the vehicle, the greater the amount of off-track. The DMV confirms that the requested routes falls under one of the above categories and meets all length and off-tracking requirements for that route. More specifically, the requested section of US-12 from MP 10.13 to MP 14.87 is designated as a red route and as such all trucks must adhere to the 6.5-foot off-track and 115 foot overall vehicle length criteria. Milepost 14.87 to MP 174.41 is designated as a blue route and as such all trucks must adhere to the 5.5-foot off-track and 95 foot overall vehicle length criteria.

Bridge Review

Bridges on all publicly owned routes in Idaho, with the exception of those meeting specific criteria, are inspected every two years at a minimum to ensure they can safely accommodate vehicles. A variety of inspections may be performed including routine inspections, in-depth inspections, underwater inspections, and complex bridge inspections. All are done to track the current condition of a bridge and make repairs if needed.

When determining the truck-carrying capacity of a bridge, consideration is given to the types of vehicles that routinely use the bridge and the condition of the bridge. Load limits may be placed on a bridge if, through engineering analysis, it is determined the bridge cannot carry legal truck loads.

ITD Bridge Asset Management has reviewed the **32 bridges** pertaining to this request and has determined they will safely support the 129,000-pound truck load, provided the truck's axle configuration conforms to legal requirements. To review load rating data for each of the bridges, see the Bridge Data chart below.

Materials Section Review

The Idaho Transportation Department's 129,000 pound pilot project report to the Idaho State Legislature in 2013 states, "For pavements, axle weight is a more significant determinant of pavement damage than gross vehicle weight. Truck weight limits that allow a higher GVW distributed over more axles do not necessarily lead to higher pavement costs and can even produce savings." Based on the increased number of axles required for 129,000 pound vehicles to maintain legal axle weights, the equivalent single axle loads (ESAL) for 129,000 pound vehicles are lower than for 80,000 pound and 105,500 pound vehicles. The implementation of the 129,000 pound configuration also reduces the number of truck trips compared to performing the same work with 80,000 or 105,000 pound trucks. The reduction in truck traffic further reduces the pavement wear. Therefore, for this section of roadway, our assessment is the increased vehicle weight with a corresponding increased number of axles will reduce loads per axle compared to 80,000 or 105,500 pound vehicles and thereby produce lower loads on the road surface and subsurface resulting in equal or lesser damage.

Highway Safety Evaluation

This US-12 segment has no Non-Interstate High Accident Intersection Locations (HAL) and has 11 HAL Clusters. The locations are shown in the table below with their statewide ranking.

Analyses of the 5-year accident data (2011-2015) shows there were a total of 716 crashes involving 845 units (22 fatalities and 373 Injuries) on US-12 between MP 10.13 and 174.41 of which 41 crashes involved tractor-trailer combinations. Of the crashes involving tractor trailers, the most prevalent contributing circumstances were inattention, speed too fast for conditions, and failure to maintain lane. Twenty injuries and one of the fatalities were due to crashes with tractor trailers. The fatality was a result of the commercial vehicle crossing the centerline and colliding with the private vehicle. The private vehicle driver died at the scene.

Implementation of 129,000 pound trucking is projected to reduce truck traffic on this route.

Table of HAL Segments US-12:

Route	Statewide Rank	Milepost Range	Length (miles)	County			
US 12	54	68.173-71.173	3	Idaho			
US 12	69	71.673-73.673	2	Idaho			
US 12	169	156.508-157.508	1	Idaho			
US 12	231.5	17.450-19.150	1.7	Nez Perce			
US 12	239	41.146-41.943	0.797	Clearwater			
US 12	283	59.489-60.989	1.5	Lewis			
US 12	284	75.214-76.214	1	Idaho			
US 12	313	61.489-61.989	0.5	Lewis			
US 12	314	34.818-38.818	4	Nez Perce			
US 12	331	161.008-162.285	1.277	Idaho			
US 12	341.5	133.508-135.008	1.5	Idaho			

Additional Data:

Bridge Data:

Route Number: US 12

Department: Bridge Asset Management

Date: 11/9/2016

> From: near Spalding, ID

Route Milepost: 10.13

To: Montana Border

Milepost: 174.41

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Highway	Milepost	Bridge	Rating
Number	Marker	Key	(lbs)
12	13.90	10385	208,000
12	14.96	10390	132,000
12	19.19	10396	250,000
12	27.11	10400	388,000
12	28.32	10403	OK EJ
12	34.91	10405	214,000
12	41.51	10410	220,000
12	54.49	10415	OK EJ
12	58.63	10420	OK EJ
12	66.75	10426	306,000
12	68.77	10430	298,000
12	70.48	10435	342,000
12	76.82	10440	140,000
12	82.64	10445	OK EJ
12	98.99	10450	OK EJ
12	103.93	10455	250,000
12	104.35	10457	OK EJ
12	105.00	10458	332,000
12	106.63	10460	198,000
12	109.95	10466	260,000
12	120.10	10470	132,000
12	122.66	10475	224,000
12	128.48	10480	210,000
12	136.38	10485	268,000
12	139.62	10490	170,000
12	142.13	10495	182,000
12	144.75	10500	214,000
12	153.81	10505	174,000

12	155.80	10507	OK EJ
12	158.25	10508	OK EJ
12	159.39	10510	324,000
12	169.68	10515	240,000

^a: The bridge is adequate if it has a rating value greater than 121,000 pounds or is designated as "OK EJ" (okay by engineering judgment).